

Example of a paper for the proceedings of the conference of the Slovenian Language Technology Society

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Abstract

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1. Introduction

The first line of all paragraphs of each section is indented by 0.5 cm. The first line of all paragraphs of each section is indented by 0.5 cm. The first line of all paragraphs of each section is indented by 0.5 cm. The first line of all paragraphs of each section is indented by 0.5 cm.

2. Goal of the paper

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2.1. Example of a subsection

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2.1.1. Example of a sub-subsection

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example, this time of a sub-subsection. Yet another example, this time of a sub-subsection. Yet another example, this time of a sub-subsection. Yet another example, this time of a sub-subsection.

2.1.2. Example of a sub-subsection with a long heading that will occupy two lines

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3. Additional guidelines

3.1. Footnotes

This is an example of a footnote¹.

3.2. Figures

Example of a figure enclosed in a box.

This is a figure with a caption. This is a figure with a caption.

Figure 1: The caption of the figure.

3.3. Tables

Two types of tables are distinguished: in-column and big tables that don't fit in the columns.

¹This is an example of the footnote text. Note also the use of URL referencing: <http://www.sdjt.si/>.

3.4. In-column tables

An example of an in-column table is presented here.

Level	Tools
Morphology	Pitrat Analyser
Syntax	LFG Analyser (C-Structure)
Semantics	LFG F-Structures + Sowa's Conceptual Graphs

Table 1: The caption of the table

3.5. Big tables

An example of a big table which extends beyond the column and will float in the next page.

4. Citation Format

All references within the text are placed in parentheses containing the author's surname followed by a comma before the date of publication (Toporišič, 1984). If the sentence already includes the author's name, then it is only necessary to put the date in parentheses: Bolta (1985). When several works are cited, those references are separated with a semicolon: (Toporišič, 1984; Vidovič-Muha, 1991). When the reference has two authors, their names should be separated by "and" (Erjavec and Džeroski, 2004), and if it has three or more authors, only the name of the first author, followed by et al., appears (Scheible et al., 2011).

Bibliographical references are listed in alphabetical order at the end of the article. The title of the section, "References", will be a level 1 heading. The first line of each bibliographical reference is justified to the left of the column, and the rest of the entry is indented by 0.35 cm. The following examples illustrate the format for papers in conference proceedings (Brants, 2000), books (Koehn, 2010), articles in journals (Erjavec and Džeroski, 2004), Ph.D. theses (Croft, 1978), and chapters of books (Eckstein and Zuckermann, 1960).

5. References

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Level	Tools
Morphology	Pitrat Analyser
Syntax	LFG Analyser (C-Structure)
Semantics	LFG F-Structures + Sowa's Conceptual Graphs

Table 2: The caption of the big table